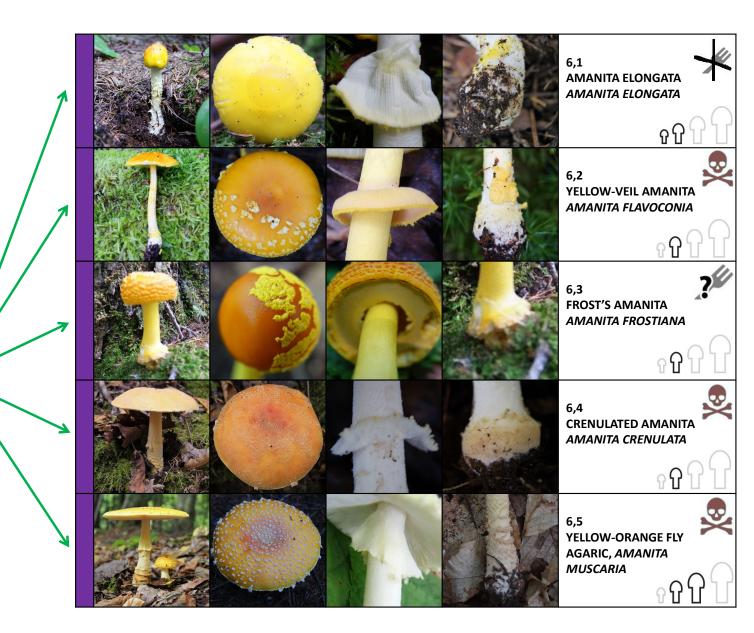
Groupe 6 With a partial veil; red, orange or yellow cap. 9 species.



Group 6A Red, orange or yellow cap, in bright colours. 5 species.

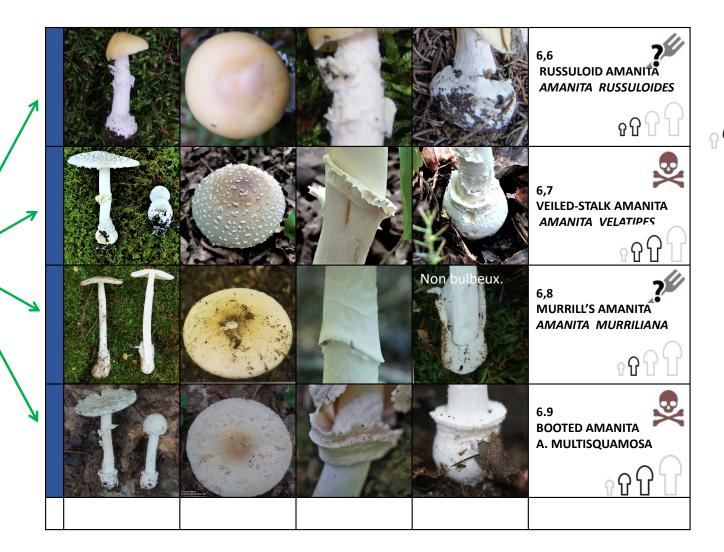




Group 6B Orange or yellow caps; paler colours. 4 species.



**Text version** 



Groupe 6 With a partial veil, red, orange or yellow cap. 9 species.



Group 6A Red, orange or yellow cap, in bright colours. 5 species.

6B Next page.

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	Cap bright yellow to orange, bare or adorned with yellow velar flakes. Not lined margin, sometimes slightly lined with age. Gills whitish to cream. White stipe often decorated with yellow velar remains at the base; secondary veil small, white to pale yellow; bulbous stipe, the bulb attenuated upwards. It can be found under deciduous or coniferous trees.	6,1 AMANITA ELONGATA AMANITA ELONGATA
	Orange-yellow cap adorned with velar flakes, white in the center and yellow in the periphery, with a plain margin, sometimes briefly lined at maturity. Gills white with sometimes yellowish edges. Stipe fibrillose, white, often yellow to orange-yellow. Partial yellow veil. Bulbous stipe, the bulb attenuated upwards. It can be found under deciduous trees or under conifers, from July to October.	6,2 YELLOW-VEIL AMANITA AMANITA FLAVOCONIA
	Orange-yellow to reddish cap, adorned with yellow velar flakes and with a lined margin at maturity. The gills are white, sometimes yellowish at the edge. Stipe with a rim at the top of the bulb and wearing a secondary yellow veil. It can be found under deciduous trees or under conifers from July to September.	6,3 FROST'S AMANITA AMANITA FROSTIANA
	Pinkish-beige to yellowish-brown cap, adorned with pale beige powdery velar flakes and with a lined margin at maturity. The gills range from white to pale pinkish cream. The stipe is whitish, fibrillous towards the base, hanging a secondary whitish veil; the bulb is more or less attenuated upwards. It fruits under birches and white pine from July to October.	6,4 CRENULATED AMANITA AMANITA CRENULATA
	This is the best known of our amanita; it is the one in coloring books and in the comics. Large in size, its yellow to reddish-orange cap is adorned with numerous white flakes and its margin is lined at maturity. Its white stipe is bulbous and adorned above the bulb with small scales arranged more or less in circles and in a stepped manner. Its partial veil goes from white to pale yellow. It fruits in many habitats from late June through October.	6,5 YELLOW-ORANGE FLY AGARIC, AMANITA MUSCARIA

bulbous ringed stipe. It is occasionally found from July to September, mainly under birches and poplars, but also under conif	6,6 RUSSULOID AMANITA AMANITA RUSSULOIDES
This large amanita has a brownish yellow cap adorned with white flakes and its margin is lined. Its stipe wears an ample and toothed secondary veil; the stipe is bulbous and we sometimes note the presence of white bands at the top the bulb. It fruits from July to September under hardwood deciduous trees, sometimes under conifers.	6,7 VEILED-STALK AMANITA AMANITA VELATIPES
This amanita is distinguished by its yellowish-beige cap which whitens with age, bare and with a lined margin. Its whitish stipe, smooth and not bulbous, emerges from a white volva; moreover, the stipe wears a secondary white veil. Murrill's Amanita fruit from July to September in the company of deciduous or coniferous trees.	6,8 MURRILL'S AMANITA AMANITA MURRILIANA
The main feature of this amanita is having a turtleneck-shaped volva at the top of the bulb. Its cap is whitish, often brownish to greyish in the center, adorned with white velar flakes and with a lined margin at maturity. Its white stipe is finely fibrillous and has a secondary white veil. It is found from July to September under hardwood deciduous trees, mainly in oak groves.	6.9 BOOTED AMANITA A. MULTISQUAMOSA
	under birches and poplars, but also under conif   This large amanita has a brownish yellow cap adorned with white flakes and its margin is lined. Its stipe wears an ample and toothed secondary veil; the stipe is bulbous and we sometimes note the presence of white bands at the top the bulb. It fruits from July to September under hardwood deciduous trees, sometimes under conifers.   This amanita is distinguished by its yellowish-beige cap which whitens with age, bare and with a lined margin. Its whitish stipe, smooth and not bulbous, emerges from a white volva; moreover, the stipe wears a secondary white veil. Murrill's Amanita fruit from July to September in the company of deciduous or coniferous trees.   The main feature of this amanita is having a turtleneck-shaped volva at the top of the bulb. Its cap is whitish, often brownish to greyish in the center, adorned with white velar flakes and with a lined margin at maturity. Its white stipe is finely fibrillous and has a secondary white veil. It is found from July to September under