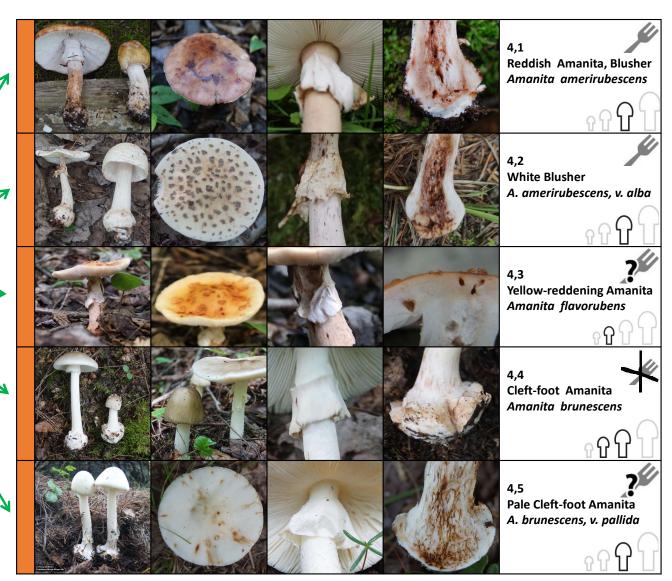
GROUP 4: FLESH COLOUR CHANGING





Text version



GROUP 4: FLESH COLOUR CHANGING

Group 4
With a partial veil, flesh colour changing in insect wounds.
5 species.



1	This amanita has a beige to reddish-brown cap, bare or adorned with white velar flakes, with a not lined margin. Its white stipe has a loose secondary veil and spots wine red when bruised, sliced or with age. Large in size, it fruits in summer or in autumn mainly under conifers.	4,1 Reddish Amanita, Blusher Amanita amerirubescens
7	This amanita is characterized by its white color at a young age and the vinous coloration that invades it with age. While the Reddish Amanita (Blusher) prefers the company of conifers, the white variety prefers the presence of hardwood deciduous trees including oaks. It fruits from July to September.	4,2 White Blusher A. amerirubescens, v. alba
	This amanita fruit during the summer in deciduous hardwood forests and occasionally in the presence of conifers. Its golden yellow to olive yellow cap is adorned with pyramidal velar flakes of the same color. Its white stipe turn wine red with age as its flesh turns brown.	4,3 Yellow-reddening Amanita Amanita flavorubens
4	This amanita is distinguished by its very dark brown cap in the center, paler towards the margin, and its strongly bulbous stipe, the bulb being marginated and often split vertically. It fruits from July to October in the company of coniferous or deciduous trees.	4,4 Cleft-foot Amanita Amanita brunescens
4	This variety differs from the previous one by its pale cap from a young age which becomes stained brown with age. It fruits in the same period and in the same habitats. The color of some browning amanitas fades with age, suggesting that they are the pale variety.	4,5 Pale Cleft-foot Amanita A. brunescens, v. pallida